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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/247,418	02/10/1999	HOLGER EGGERS	MO-5041/WW-5	7618
73	590 03/21/2002			
William C. Gerstenzang, Esq. Norris, McLaughlin & Marcus, P.A. 220 East 42nd Street - 30th Floor New York, NY 10017		EXAMINER		
		•	KRUER, KEVIN R	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1773	14
			DATE MAILED: 03/21/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/247,418	EGGERS ET AL.
Advisory Action	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kevin R Kruer	1773
The MAILING DATE of this communicatio		
THE REPLY FILED 08 March 2002 FAILS TO PL Therefore, further action by the applicant is require inal rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may <u>only</u> be eit condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1	ed to avoid abandonment of them:  (1) a timely filed amend  Appeal (with appeal fee); or	his application. A proper reply to a
PERIOD FO	OR REPLY [check either a) o	r b)]
<ul> <li>a)</li></ul>	this Advisory Action, or (2) the date se later than SIX MONTHS from the ma Y WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONT	illing date of the final rejection. HS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a), ave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of 7 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shop above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than that arned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	of extension and the corresponding an portened statutory period for reply origin	nount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under
<ol> <li>A Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>28 December</u></li> <li>CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (3)</li> </ol>	37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid di	t be filed within the period set forth in smissal of the appeal.
<ol><li>The proposed amendment(s) will not be enter</li></ol>	ered because:	
(a) _ they raise new issues that would require	further consideration and/or	search (see NOTE below);
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see	* ·	
<ul><li>(c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the applic issues for appeal; and/or</li></ul>	ation in better form for appea	ll by materially reducing or simplifying th
(d)  they present additional claims without of NOTE:	anceling a corresponding nu	mber of finally rejected claims.
B. Applicant's reply has overcome the following	rejection(s):	
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	would be allowable if submitte	ed in a separate, timely filed amendment
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ requapplication in condition for allowance because	est for reconsideration has be	een considered but does NOT place the
The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ed because it is not directed s	SOLELY to issues which were newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amend explanation of how the new or amended clai	lment(s) a)⊠ will not be ente ms would be rejected is prov	ered or b) will be entered and an ided below or appended.
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as fol		•
Claim(s) allowed: 2-10 and 12-31.		
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected: <u>2-10 and 12-31</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:	_	
. The proposed drawing correction filed on		
. Note the attached Information Disclosure Sta		
0.  Other:		
atent and Trademark Office		
)-303 (Rev. 04-01)	Advisory Action	Part of Paper No. 17

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**Art Unit: 1773** 

## **Advisory Action**

Applicant's arguments filed March 8, 2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the 112, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph should be withdrawn. Specifically, Applicant argues that one of ordinary skill in the art would have absolutely no doubt as to the meaning of the "weight per unit area" limitation of the claim. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Neither the claim nor the original disclosure teaches what "area" the calculation is based upon. While Applicant's calculation in Paper #8 was calculated based upon the area of a plane horizontal to the plane in which the film was extruded (the examiner will call this the "X-Y" plane), the claim is not limited to the area associated with this plane. As the examiner demonstrated in Paper #10, the same film would have a different "weight percentage per unit area" if the plane upon which the calculation was based upon was vertical to the extrusion plane. Applicant argues that the calculations of the examiner's example contained mixed units. Applicant is in error with this assumption. The examiner merely did not show the stoichiometric conversion of the meter measurement to cm.

With respect to the rejection of claims 31, 2, 3, 6-10, 12, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 23, and 25 as unpatentable over Dobreski, Applicant argues that Dobreski does not teach that the MFR of the "outer layer" should be less than the MFR of the "inner layer." Applicant makes a similar argument with respect to Chum. Specifically, Applicant argues that the recited "outer" ply of independent claim 31 is clearly understood to be the "surface ply on the heat sealable surface of the sealing film." However, such a

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limitation is not recited in the claims. In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., that the claimed outer ply is the "surface ply on the heat sealable surface of a sealing film") are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). Even if the claimed specified that the outer ply is on the "surface ply on the heat sealable surface of a sealing film," such a limitation would not overcome the applied art. Specifically, the claims are directed to a two-layer structure wherein one layer has a higher MFR than the second layer. Without adding further structure to the claimed laminate, the claimed laminate is not distinguished from a two-layer film taught in the prior art. Therefore, the rejections based upon Dobreski and Chum are maintained for the reasons of record.

Applicant further argues that there is no evidence of record to support the examiner's conclusion that metallocene catalyzed ethylene compositions have "better compositional distribution," etc. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Specifically, Hodgson teaches the benefits of metallocene catalyst. Specifically, Hodgson teaches the benefits of metallocene catalyst in ethylene heat seal compositions (col 2, line 65+).

With respect to the rejection based upon Paleari in view of Hodgson, Applicant argues that there is motivation to utilize the composition taught in Hodgson as the heat sealable layer of the laminate taught in Paleari. The examiner respectfully disagrees.

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Paleari teaches that the heat sealable layer of the laminate may comprise the heat sealable layer taught in Hodgson (col 6, line 29).

Applicant further argues that the is nothing in the prior art that would have motivated one of ordinary skill in the art to select a heat sealable ply taught in Hodgson with a melt range of 0.5-0.9g/min. Applicant has misinterpreted the rejection. The heat sealable resin taught in Hodgson was utilized to read on Applicant's claimed "inner" (aka high MFR) layer. Thus, the MFR of the heat seal layer must be greater than the MFR of the EVA layer taught in Paleari to meet the limitations of independent claim 31. As pointed out in the original rejection, this limitation is met. Specifically, the melt flow of the preferred heat seal composition taught in Hodgson (1.0g/10min) is three times greater than the preferred melt index of the inner layer composition (0.35g/min).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin R Kruer whose telephone number is 703-305-0025. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:00a.m. to 4:00p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Thibodeau, can be reached on (703) 308-2367. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-305-5408.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-0661.

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Pau! Thibodeau
Supervisory Pat nt Examiner
Technology Center 1700